

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME FOURTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 11 1934

Whole No. 694

Miss English to Be Buried Today.

Ethel A English, daughter of Mrs L E English, 112th St., Edmonton, passed away in an Edmonton hospital, on Tuesday, Jan. 9, aged 35 years. She is survived by her mother and a sister Mrs R Shaw of Vancouver. The late Miss English was a graduate of Royal Alexandra Hospital, and was well known in Stony Plain and district. Funeral service will be held Thursday at 3 p.m. at All Saints pro-Cathedral. Rev Canon Pierce-Goulding will officiate, and interment will take place in the Edmonton Cemetery.

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T. J. HARDWICK, STONY PLAIN.

Dahlgren—Schnell.

At the Parsonage of the Reform Church, Glory Hills, on Friday, Jan. 5, Miss Katie Schnell, daughter of Mr and Mrs Adam Schnell, of Mewassin, became the bride of Mr Andrew Gustav Dahlgren, son of Mr and Mrs Gustav Dahlgren of Calgary. The ceremony was performed by Rev C H Reppert. The happy couple have taken up their residence on the Burton farm, Mewassin.

A Popular Druggist.

Mr John P Crowe, who formerly operated a drug store in Stony Plain, paid the town a visit last week. Jack had been away from Stony Plain for about ten years, and was pleasantly surprised at the great improvements he noted here. Jack is now operating a chemist's shop at Athabasca, where he has been for the past seven years, on leaving his position at Archibald's in Edmonton. Mr Crowe was one of the half-dozen guests who have published papers here. While here last week Mr Crowe was busy renewing acquaintances with his former friends in Stony and district.

The Stony Plain Co-op.

Thru the courtesy of Mr W T Propp, a director of the Stony Plain U. F. A. Co-op. Ass'n, the following facts concerning this branch are given publicly: Since the commencement of operations here in July, 1933, a business amounting to over \$8000 was transacted with the branch's members and patrons. The articles mostly in demand consisted of: Flour, apples, coal, binder twine, fuel and lubricating oils and greases, gasoline.

The books of this branch are now going thru the process of being audited, and when this is completed a meeting of the shareholders will be called. Mr Propp and the manager of the Stony Store Mr Magnus Larson, expect to see a large increase in the membership of the association during this year, and consequently a much larger volume of business transacted here. At the coming meeting a drive will be inaugurated to increase the influence of the Association and bring in new members.

At the recent Conference in Edmonton, Mr Propp introduced a resolution from Stony Co-op. Ass'n, which reads:

Whereas we are of the opinion that the time has now arrived when it would be to the advantage of our Co-operative Ass'n to have a business manager in charge of co-operative activities in Central Office; therefore be it resolved that this Conference recommend to the Central Co-op. Committee that a business manager be engaged as soon as possible.

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Responsibility

It has become an almost universal habit to enter a new calendar year heartily, in a spirit of gaiety, with nothing but words of happiness and good cheer upon our lips. And it is well that our greetings to one another on this annual occasion should take the form of good wishes for health, happiness and prosperity. But after the jollity attendant upon the passing of the old year and entry into the new, there should come to most of us as intelligent men and women more serious thoughts and a deeper realization of the significance of a new year.

The tearing off from the calendar of the last month's page of the old year; the opening of the diary of the new year at page one; the changing of the figures of the year from 1933 to 1934—these should bring home to us a new and greater sense of our individual responsibility in relation to the year upon which we have entered.

Because many of the big problems of the year are beyond our control; because many of the happenings of the year and its trends in this direction or that will develop irrespective of our views or actions, the fact should not be overlooked that the responsibility is ours for the determination and direction of numerous small matters which actually exert a far greater influence in the making or marring of our lives than these other so-called greater things which are beyond our control.

In the event of a great plague or epidemic of disease most of us would at once become alive to our responsibility to safeguard ourselves, our families, and our community from it. But how many of us give the same thought and accept the same responsibility for the day-to-day state of our health? Yet the state of our health, our vigor of mind and body, is a matter that most of us can determine to a large extent for ourselves. Health is the result of our habits and ways of living. It influences our lives possibly more than any other one thing. The responsibility is mainly one owed to promote good health or bring on poor health; it is a responsibility that others cannot accept for us.

Again responsibility for our words and actions rests with ourselves. It is our duty to control our tongues, to weigh our words, to direct our actions. What misunderstandings, heart-burnings, pain and sorrow have been caused by a few thoughtless words; how many friendships have been broken and communities thrown into bitter strife because someone failed to recognize their responsibility before they spoke. It is such a simple thing to light a match, but the results of that simple act depend upon the use to which the lighted match is put; whether it is in the hands of a responsible or irresponsible person. It may provide a guide to a lonely wanderer and warmth and comfort and suitably prepared food for him, or it may start a conflagration resulting in the loss of many lives and destruction of much property. Our words, and our individual actions throughout the year, may have like beneficial or disastrous results. The responsibility rests with us.

In these unusual times possibly to a greater extent than in more normal times and under less trying conditions, the responsibility of individuals to increased even in face of the fact that the State is likewise compelled to assume new and heavier responsibilities. At a time of world-wide unemployment, when thousands of individuals find it impossible to procure a livelihood for themselves as they were formerly quite capable of doing, Government performance must make provision for them. But one of the present developments in our individual, community and economic life as a result of this enforced but temporary shifting of responsibility for the provision of the necessities of life for many, is the dissemination of the idea that such a condition should be made more or less permanent; that in the future the individual should assume and exert far less responsibility for his own well-being, and that the State should assume far more responsibility.

Whatever merit, or demerit, there may be in this view which, however, its finding acceptance in various countries under varying names, and under which the individual is losing much of his individuality and being more and more kept by the State, the same time more and more the State, one thing does remain true so far as the people of Canada are concerned. The responsibility still rests with us as individuals to study this thing thoroughly and to reach their own conclusions as to whether it is in their own best interests and in the interests of their country; that is, whether such a shifting of responsibility will make for a better, nobler, stronger manhood and womanhood, which, in the final analysis, is the object and end of life.

The measure of a man is how he faces and accepts responsibility. All our education has but one main object—the preparation of youth for the acceptance and discharge of such responsibilities as life may impose upon them. Placing responsibility upon him has been the salvation of many a person. It has led many away from folly, awakening them to the realities of life, widening their vision, and developing powers they little realized they possessed.

Let us throughout 1934 measure up to our responsibilities, whatever they may be, facing them fearlessly and discharging them courageously and magnificently to the best of our ability.

Keeps Old Mail Bag

Charles Swindler, rural mail carrier of Paulding, Ohio, loves the mail bag he has "toted for 30 years" and because he does Postmaster-General James A. Farley permitted him to keep it when he retired in December. In requesting the bag, Swindler said he had kept it in repair at his own expense since entering the service.

Creamery Butter Estimate

The latest estimates of what Alberta's production of creamery butter will be is 28,500,000 lbs. according to Dr. Marker, dairy commissioner for the province. This, if fulfilled, will be more than half a million the greater than the record year of 1931, when the total production was 22,900,000 lbs.

A Tired, Worn Out Woman Can't Make a Happy Home

There is no happiness in the home when the mother is sick and worried by the never ending household duties. She gets run down and becomes nervous and irritable, has shortness of breath, faint and dizzy, can't sleep, and gets up in the morning feeling as tired as she went to bed, and is downhearted and discouraged.

Milburn's H. & N. Pills will soon convince women it is not necessary to suffer, as they build up the nervous system and bring back the former health and vigor.

Export Of Farm Products

Ham, Bacon, Poultry And Eggs Show Increase

Canada doubled its exports of bacon and hams this year as compared with 1932. The exports of live cattle were over twice as great. The exports of eggs in the shell increased seven-fold. Cheese exports were 47 per cent.

When the final figures are in, the exports of ham and bacon will total about 75,000,000 pounds of which approximately 70,000,000 went to the United Kingdom. Last year 30,699,400 pounds went to the United Kingdom out of a total of 35,830,400 pounds.

Approximately 52,850 live cattle went from Canada to the United Kingdom this year. About 8,500 head went to other countries or a total of over 61,000 head. Last year 16,925 head went to United Kingdom and 11,896 to other countries, or 28,831 altogether.

The egg exports this year totaled about 2,000,000 dozen. Last year the total was only 773,000 dozen. On the other hand practically no eggs were imported. Some years back Canada used to export over 6,000,000 dozen but at that time about as many eggs were imported as export.

Canada shipped about 1,000,000 pounds of dressed poultry, mostly turkeys, to the British market for the holiday trade. This was about 100,000 pounds more than last year when the movement was started.

The exports of butter this year exceeded last year's, but there was a marked falling-off in cheese.

HOW ONE MAN LOST 19 lbs. FAT

Now Feels Absolutely Fit

A fat man is commonly supposed to be good-humoured, easy-going. But there is many a fat man who finds the going far from easy. The following letter describes one typical instance.

"I began to put on weight this year, and developed stoutness in the stomach which was very ugly. I took Kruschen Salt in the morning for a month, and reduced my weight 13 lbs. So I kept on, and have now reduced 19 lbs. altogether. Apart from that, it has also relieved me of head-ache, and I feel absolutely fit each morning, ready for a hard day's work."

Taken every morning, Kruschen effects a perfectly natural clearance of undigested food substances and all excessive watery waste matter. Unusually this wastage is regularly expelled. Nature will eventually store it up out of the way in the form of ugly fat. Once Kruschen gets into the blood you will soon see that double chin begin to sink, and that too prominent abdomen begin to disappear.

Eskimo Goes Modern

Have Had First Labor Strike And

The Eskimo has gone modern. They have had the first labor strike in their history. And they won it.

Out of the vastness of Canada's northland, 300 odd miles within the Arctic circle, comes the unique story of the Eskimo, the primitive and primitive savants of the country. It is the story of the Eskimo organizing labor for the first time and against none other than the famed Royal Canadian Mounted Police and the historic Hudson's Bay Company. By the "mysterious" trail and other means of Arctic travel it reached Ottawa.

Badly needed for coastal Arctic posts, a congestion of police and company supplies was on hand at Aklavik. The usual seasonal pay of \$20 per ton for unloading was offered to the Eskimo. Seizing the exigencies of the situation, the wily "stave-dores" sprung a surprise and held an impromptu meeting. They demanded \$25 per ton and refused to compromise. The police and the company capitulated.

Some 20 Eskimo were involved in the strike. The pay went into a "pool" divided equally between them at the end of the navigation season. Credit accounts for the men were established accordingly for supplies at stores of the Hudson's Bay Company.

A profitable bit of homework for the electors is to decide on the slate of candidates who merit an "X" behind their names.

W. N. U. 2028

Here's Quickest, Simplest Way to Stop a Cold



1. Take 2 Aspirin Tablets.
2. Drink full glass of water. Repeat treatment in 2 hours.
3. If throat is sore, crush 2 tablets in a half glass of water and gargle according to directions in box.

Almost Instant Relief in this Way

The simple method pictured above is the way doctors throughout the world now treat colds.

It is recognized as the QUICK-EST, safest, surest way to treat a cold. For it will check an ordinary cold almost as fast as you caught it.

Ask your doctor about this. And when

ASPIRIN TABLETS ARE MADE IN CANADA



DOES NOT HARM THE HEART

you buy, see that you get Aspirin Tablets. Aspirin is the trademark of The Bayer Company, Limited, and the name Bayer in the form of a cross is on each tablet. They dissolve almost instantly. And thus work most instantly when you take them. And for a gargle, Aspirin Tablets dissolve so completely they leave no irritating particles. Get a box of 12 tablets or a bottle of 24 or 100 at any drug store.

Employment In Logging Operations

Encouraging Signs Of Industrial Recovery In Canada

Among the encouraging signs of industrial recovery, the increase in employment in logging operations is of special significance from the standpoint of winter work. The monthly reports received by the Department of Labor indicate that on November 1 there were approximately 100,000 men employed in logging operations as compared with 35,000 at the same time last year. This is practically back to the average of the five-year period, 1926-30, when 105,000 were on the pay rolls in November.

During those five years, which may be taken as normal, the average number engaged in logging throughout the year is estimated to be 91,000, but the monthly averages varied from 54,500 in August to 139,000 in February. If this trend is followed in 1934, there should be 120,000 men at work during the next four months.

The advantage of having an industry which is capable of absorbing from 60,000 to 70,000 additional men during the winter months when work in many other occupations is curtailed is apparent.

The Forest Service of the Department of the Interior attributes this increase in the activity of the logging camps to the increased exportation of lumber, especially to the United Kingdom and other parts of the Empire, and to improved conditions in the pulp and paper industry, together with the depletion of stocks of logs and pulpwood during the past two years.

Canada's Non-Metallic Minerals

Dominion Is The Leading Producer

Of Asbestos

Canada is the leading producer of asbestos, has the largest take output in the British Empire, and is one of the three main-producing nations according to the Department of Mines, Ottawa. The Dominion is an exporter of feldspar, gypsum, salt, asbestos, talc, and gradations, and a producer of sodium sulphate, natural and artificial abrasives, magnesite, silica, moulding sands, soapstone, phosphate and many others. Minerals known to occur rather extensively include barite, chromite, sulphur (pyrites), volcanic dust, and garnet. Development of these minerals is largely in the initial stages. To the foregoing should be added structural materials which are generally classed as non-metallics and which include clay, sand and gravel, limestone, granite, and marble. Occurrences of these are abundant in Canada and in the main are of excellent quality.

Lesson For The Future

Germany's Blow At International Confidence Something To Think About

Herr Hitler still speaks of his nation as down-trodden slaves. All that has been done to mitigate the consequences of defeat and humiliation for Germany has counted, it seems, as nothing. The evacuation of the Rhineland was hastened. Foreign military control was abandoned when it might have been continued. Reparations have been wiped out. Germany has been welcomed to the league and raised to the rank of highest honor and influence in its councils. But because all-round disarmament and equality for herself have been promised for a few years hence, not at this moment, this damaging blow at international confidence has been delivered. It is a situation to be dealt with calmly now, but its lesson for the future is written on the face of it. —London Daily Telegraph.

Elk Thrive In Ontario

Herd Strung From West Along Well At Pembroke And Sudbury

That the herds of elk sent by the Dominion Department of the Interior from Buffalo National Park in Alberta to Ontario and placed in the Provincial Crown Preserve near Pembroke and on the farmlands of the Burwash Industrial Farm 20 miles east of Sudbury have settled down and are thriving in their new surroundings is reported by the Ontario Department of Game and Fisheries. The twenty-five head established near Pembroke have had an increase of five young in 1933, while a similar increase has been reported from the herd of fifty at Burwash. Three adult elk died at the Burwash farm but the remainder of the herd as well as all those at Pembroke are in splendid condition states the report.

But then if the farmer oiled his machinery and sheltered it during the winter, what would our manufacturers do for a living?

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A New Social Problem Projected Into The Far North Changing Eskimos To Ranchers

A new social problem has been projected into the far north with the government about to embark on the experiment of influencing the Eskimo to abandon to some extent his nomadic life and settle down to more or less of a communal existence. The agency that is being employed to achieve this is the reindeer. On the success of the venture which will shortly culminate in the arrival of between 2,500 and 3,000 of these domesticated animals at Kittergait, east of Mackenzie River delta, depends the development of the government's social scheme.

At the moment this huge herd is in Yukon territory, preparing for the last leg of the long trek which brought the animals from Kotzebue Peninsula, in Alaska, over the roof of the world. By the time the herd reaches Kittergait four years and a half will have passed from November, 1929, when the Laplander, Andrew Tahr, and his little group of herders undertook to transfer the reindeer to Canadian territory. For them they have been four years of hardship and privation, of disappointment and hope.

Beginning with 3,000 animals the herd has at times dwindled to around 2,000, wolves, blizzards and incursions of the Arctic making inroads on the numbers. Each spring, however, the fawns have brought the numbers back, and almost care has been taken to preserve the young. How many of the "originals" are left is impossible to say.

At Kittergait the government has blocked off an area of approximately 5,500 square miles of territory. A number of Laplander families, brought to Canada by the Dominion Government, are already with the animals and are all set to furnish the Eskimo instructions how to operate.

The great question is, how will the Eskimo react? The Eskimo's natural instinct is that of a hunter. He prefers to roam the great wastes of the northland seeking his food where he can get it, but entirely free from the restrictions of settlement life.

When the fur business is good, he is prosperous and satisfied; when it is bad, the depression weighs heavily on him. Whether he will abandon the untrammelled life he has and settle down to the assured but less free routine existence of raising reindeer is a problem, however.

The government proposes first to "catch" the young. In the mission schools of the northland are numerous Eskimo boys and girls into whom are being instilled the rudiments of civilization and before whom are presented attractively the satisfactions of the settled life. It is intended to "apprentice" these youths to the herders, and so attempt to develop within the Eskimo a generation equipped with instincts less susceptible to the wanderlust.

A Puzzle To Chemists

Can Only Advance Theory As To How Soap Acts

Even chemists have been puzzled to know precisely how soap acts in removing dirt. It is generally considered that the efficacy of soap depends mainly upon its decomposition, when it is mixed with water, into an alkali and fatty acid. The alkali thus set free dissolves the grease by which the dirt is attached to the surface to be cleaned, and the water then carries off the dirt. But this is not all; the fatty acid from the soap neutralizes any free alkali remaining after the loosening of the dirt and thus prevents the alkali from attacking the cleanest surface itself.

Inventor Of Air Brakes

Herbert Thacker Herr, 57, vice-president of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Pittsburgh, is dead. Herr was the inventor of locomotive air brake equipment; improvements in turbines, oil and gas engines, and remote control for steam turbines such as are used in electrically propelled battleships.

W. N. U. 2028

The Heating Value Of Wood Fuel

Forest Products Laboratories Of The Department Of The Interior Has Carried Out Various Tests

Wood has always been an important domestic fuel in Canada, and its use in recent years has increased. On account of the many requests for information concerning the heating value of wood fuel, the Forest Products Laboratories, Forest Service, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, has prepared a table which indicates the relative fuel value of the various Canadian woods.

Equal weights of different woods give off, at the same moisture content, nearly equal amounts of heat in burning, since the fundamental substance composing wood is the same in all species. Slight exceptions to this rule are sometimes noted in those woods that contain resin, oils, etc., which may give out a little more heat, weight for weight, than other woods. With such slight exceptions, however, the fuel value of wood depends generally on the weight per cubic foot, the heaviest woods naturally giving the most heat.

A standard cord of well seasoned sugar maple, beech, or yellow birch split firewood weighs upwards of 4,000 pounds, whereas a similar cord of softwood may weigh less than two-thirds as much. The relative value of the different wood fuels may, therefore, be approximately compared on the basis of their weights, at the same moisture contents.

Two pounds of seasoned firewood are generally required to furnish the amount of heat obtainable from a pound of anthracite coal of good grade. Coal, however is generally burned somewhat more efficiently, especially since much wood is used in heating installations, designed for coal. In order to deliver the same amount of heat to a boiler as a pound of coal, a little more than two pounds of wood is required.

More specific information regarding the fuel value of different woods is obtainable from the Forest Products Laboratories, of the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, Canada.

Explained The Error

An editor of a comic paper, finding himself in reduced circumstances, secured a job as a waiter. He had just served up to an irascible old customer when the latter called him, and pushing the plate away, said in a loud voice, "I just found a needle in this soup." The ex-humorist reached for the bill of fare and after scanning it for a moment, said in a tone of extreme gravity, "Sorry, sir; it is listed here as noodle soup."



By Ruth Rogers



A THREE-IN-ONE COMBINATION SLIP SO EASY TO SLIP INTO AND SO COMFY TO WEAR

This smart combination is especially designed to give slenderness to the heavier figure. It is cut on the popular bias lines, so slimming. It is fitted through the bust line to take the place of a brassiere and has attached panties. It is very easily fashioned, and at a big saving in cost.

Style No. 535 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust.

Crepe de chine, sat, washable crepe silk and crepe satin are favorite mediums. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch material.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Evidence Shows Napoleon Once Planned To Invade Canada By Way Of Pacific Ocean

Wheat Situation Improves

Shipment From Canada May Be Permitted To Exceed The Quota

As supplies in United States are hardly more than ample for their own needs, there is at least a reasonable probability shipments of wheat from Canada this season will be permitted to exceed the 200,000,000 bushels allowed under the wheat agreement, says a review of the wheat situation published by the Royal Bank of Canada accompanying its monthly letter.

If the Canadian exports only come up to the quota, the carryover at the end of next July would be reduced to 163,000,000 bushels from the 212,000,000 bushels carryover from last year's crop.

"In spite of the small wheat crop in 1933," says the review, "international wheat prices have remained considerably below the average of 63 cents gold per bushel fixed by the wheat pact as the minimum which must be obtained before tariff reductions will be initiated.

"Yet wheat supplies are so insufficient that some experts are beginning to anticipate world wheat shipments in excess of the basis used in fixing the quotas."

Although early in the season crop prospects were excellent and a large acreage had been sown to wheat, the crop was severely injured by drought and the yield amounted to only 253,000,000 bushels, the review declares in quoting recent official estimates. The total crop for the whole Dominion is placed at 271,000,000 bushels.

Wheat areas in the United States suffered even more severely from drought than those in Canada with the result that in North America the 1933 crop was 380,000,000 bushels less than the year before and 500,000,000 bushels less than the five-year average.

In Europe the total area sown to wheat showed little change from 1932 and conditions were generally favorable. The Russian situation, the review proceeds, "is, as usual, obscure." But the quality of Russian grain is reported to be "very poor." The first official Argentine estimate is 256,000,000 bushels, up 20,000,000 bushels from the previous year. The Australian crop is said sharply as drought was general.

Describing Oscar

Mrs. Beulah Sorberg, of Flint, Mich., in asking divorce from her husband used the following words to describe her husband, Oscar's disposition: Sullen, mean, irritable, disagreeable, bitter, jealous, heckling, insulting, temperamental, unkind and inconsiderate. Oscar, we fear, was not, as the words of the hymn say, "Dwelling in Beulah Land."

Three century-old books lie in a showcase in the Dominion archives at Ottawa—mute evidence that Napoleon once gave serious thought to an invasion of what is now Canada, by way of the Pacific. They are French translations of Alexander Mackenzie's voyages to the Pacific, bearing the imperial stamp of Napoleon and dated 1802. They open a little-known chapter of the life of the Little Corporal, untouched by history.

Napoleon in that year was approaching the zenith of his power as first consul of republican France, later to be emperor and conqueror of most of Europe before collapse and banishment to St. Helena. But one nation, England, stood out against him, thwarted him at every turn and produced in him not only hatred but a deep-seated desire to cripple, maim and, if possible, conquer.

Napoleon searched in every direction for vulnerable spots in England's armor, and at last conceived the idea of invading British North America from the Pacific or the Mississippi to distract her attention from Europe. He ordered French translations of standard works on the country, its people, climate and topography.

General Bernadotte, later to be king of Sweden, was in England to collect the books and study them. He used smugglers to break the blockade between France and England.

Among the smuggled volumes was an account of Alexander Mackenzie's voyages to the Pacific in 1789 and 1793, published in London in 1801. Mackenzie was the first white man to cross North America north of Mexico.

Careful study of Napoleon and Bernadotte convinced him of the futility of the Pacific enterprise to the continent. For some weeks Napoleon toyed with the idea of using Louisiana as his base. Eventually he dropped the whole scheme as impractical—and that was the beginning of the end for Napoleon.

The three books were placed in Napoleon's library and when he was banished to St. Helena in 1815 they were taken along. After his death in 1821 they found their way into the possession of Mrs. Bernard Heald, of Midhurst, England, the last direct descendant of Mackenzie. Upon her death several months ago, the books were given to the Canadian archives.

Curse Of King Tut

Authority On Antiquities Of Egypt Dies After Long Illness

Arthur Edward Pearce Brome Wedgall, a leading authority on the antiquities of Egypt, died in London recently after a long illness. He was 65 years old.

He retired from a position as the Egyptian government's inspector-general of antiquities in 1914, and devoted himself to travel and writing. The legend of Tutankhamen's curse, under which misadventure was foreordained for violators of that ancient Egyptian king's tomb, was recalled with the death of Mr. Wedgall, for he was present when King Tut's tomb was opened.

Friends said there was something mysterious about his illness the cause of which could not be traced, and that it was "extraordinary" that he should have died so young.

In connection with several previous deaths there was talk of the curse;

The Earl of Carnarvon, head of the archaeological expedition which discovered the tomb, died in April, 1923, shortly after the exploit.

Woolf Joel, son of a British race horse owner, died in London in November, 1923, a few months after he visited the valley of kings. He was en route to the Egyptian tombs at the time of his death.

Last September friends of J. F. Coellier, a noted French research scientist, wondered when he would use of his left eye as a result of ultra-violet ray tests on a small statue from an ancient Egyptian funeral chamber.

AT THE BRILLIANT OPENING OF THE METROPOLITAN OPERA



A section of the famous "Diamond Horseshoe" in the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, on the opening night of the new season. For the first time in half a century, the season opened with an American opera, "Peter Ibbetson," by Deema Taylor. At the left is Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, uncrowned queen of American opera-goers, as she arrived, right, John Jacob Astor, and his fiancée, Miss Eileen Gillespie, who were the cynosure of all eyes at the brilliant premiere. They are to be married early in Spring.

DISTINCT SIGNS OF BUSINESS RECOVERY NOTED

Montreal.—"While business conditions were far below normal to the end of 1933 there have been distinct and positive evidences of improvement," writes Paul Bilkey, editor-in-chief, in the *Gazette's* commercial and financial review for the year 1933.

Writing under the title "Looking back on 1933 and its business conditions," Mr. Bilkey said, in part: "Canada in common with the rest of the world, has passed through a year marked by events so momentous that it is not yet possible to estimate the full extent of their influence. The depression, which so many people hoped was coming to an end in 1932, not only continued through the 12 months that have just closed, but developed increased severity at least in the early part of the year, and the remedial efforts which were attempted from time to time by individual nations, or by the nations collectively, were frustrated in large measure by European political uncertainties, the ineptitude of the governments, and the general condition of international distrust."

"The failure of disarmament negotiations and the breakdown of the League of Nations produced a situation on the continent of Europe and extending into the Far East, which rendered the composition of world monetary difficulties virtually impossible. The vexed question of international indebtedness remained, and is still, a factor of major importance in preventing the restoration or purchasing power throughout the world and the reconstruction of world trade."

"Nevertheless, while business conditions were far below normal to the end of 1933, there have been distinct and positive evidences of improvement."

A marked recovery had been witnessed in Great Britain and even on the continent of Europe. The trend had been upward, Mr. Bilkey said. "The gains have been relative, but at the same time substantial, and in Canada there has been a very noteworthy industrial expansion, a hardening of prices and a general revival of confidence. There can be very little doubt that a really strong movement along the road to economic recovery in Canada is being delayed only by the influence of external conditions."

"The year opened badly in the Dominion and conditions were at their worst in February, but from that time on there was an almost continuous increase in manufacturing activity and in other important branches of trade."

"A more general upward movement would, no doubt, have occurred but for the very satisfactory condition of the wheat market and the resulting lack of new wealth in the prairie provinces." Reviewing the small grain crop, Mr. Bilkey continues: "Hitherto the sale of Canada's surplus wheat at satisfactory prices has been one of the main contributors to the national prosperity and the principal factor in western progress. The determination of wheat-consuming countries in Europe to make themselves as largely as possible self-sustaining has been a blow to this phase of Canadian economic life, and it seems doubtful now whether the wheat growing industry and the various marketing agencies dependent upon it can count upon anything but a slow and partial recovery of the old markets."

There had been a general gain in business during the year of more than 35 per cent. and in manufacturing of something over 65 per cent. The building trades had a decidedly unfavorable year, but there was prospect of better things in 1934, including a large-scale construction programme sponsored and financed by the Dominion government.

Alberta Legislature

Edmonton.—Opening day for the 1934 session of the Alberta legislature will be Thursday, February 8, it is announced by Premier Brownlee.

W. N. U. 2028

A Bright Future

Dean Inge Sees Hope For Large Country, With Small Population
London.—Very Rev. Ralph Inge, the "gloomy dean" of St. Paul's, foresees a bright future for large countries of little population at present, such as Canada.

The dean, who retires this year from the historic cathedral, declares in the new edition of his book, "England," that the position of Great Britain as one of the great powers is bound to decline relatively though not absolutely.

"The future, as regards effective forces and wealth, belongs to large countries not yet full of people," he adds.

Declaring that the dominions may not always be willing to support the Mother Country, the dean observes further that "it seems to me to be almost certain that we shall be unable to find food and work for our present population."

"For this reason I favor emigration or better, state-directed colonization."

Discussing arms and armies, Dean Inge makes this prediction:

"If in the future we are attacked by a European coalition we may take it as probable that the United States will leave us to our fate unless and indeed, we are invaded by a black army."

Other quotations from the volume: "Looseness of conduct is unquestionably spreading downward to classes where it was almost unknown."

"Knowledge of methods of birth control has had unfortunate results on the morals of many persons of both sexes."

Valuable Painting Destroyed

Loss of Canvas Said To Have Aroused International Interest

Ottawa.—The celebrated canvas, "Angel's Choir," by Van Dyck, destroyed in the fire at the Gleason residence, was purchased from C. S. Parsons, of the department of mines, Ottawa, native Nova Scotian, by John Gleason, well known Ottawa business man, it was revealed here. International interest has been aroused by the loss of the picture, one of the three paintings each known as "Angel's Choir" or "Cant Des Anges" attributed to the Flemish master.

Covered with dust, it was found rolled up in a Greenbush, N.Y., attic on September 23, 1848, said Mr. Parsons.

The painting, according to Mr. Gleason, had been taken out of Belgium by soldiers of Napoleon and brought to Albany, N.Y., more than 100 years ago by a French doctor.

Even Germany was enquiring over the transatlantic telephone about the destroyed painting. But Mr. Gleason was too ill from the shock of the fire to answer.

Burn Tons Of Coffee

Brazilian Coffee Growers Use Method To Reduce Surplus

Rio De Janeiro, Brazil.—Outdoing their previous efforts, Brazilian coffee growers burned 918,965 tons of inferior coffee in 1933 and brought to 1,716,000 tons the amount destroyed in July, 1931.

The federal coffee department, in announcing the figures, estimated stocks have been so reduced that normal exports can be shipped when the new crop is ready in July.

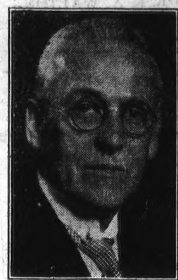
Honors for Saskatoon Professor

Saskatoon.—W. G. Worcester, professor of ceramics, University of Saskatchewan, has been honored with a fellowship in the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He was already a fellow of the American Ceramics society and member of the Canadian Ceramics society.

Cold Weather Delays Trains

Edmonton.—Transcontinental train of the Canadian National Railways was delayed 45 minutes during recent cold weather when the whistle and bell of the giant "0-1000" class locomotive froze up, it is related by railwaymen. The case is the first of its kind in Edmonton railway history.

JOHN C. SHIPMAN



Who has been appointed Director and Superintendent of Printing at the Government Printing Bureau, Ottawa, He succeeds P. M. Draper who has retired. Mr. Shipman has been employed in the Government Printing Bureau since 1889.—Photo by Paul Horsdal, Ottawa.

Viscount Churchill Dead

Was Prominent In English Business And Political Life

London.—Victor Albert Spencer, 69, first Viscount Churchill of Wyehwood, died of pneumonia and is succeeded by his son, Victor Alexander Spencer, whose wife is a Victoria girl. The new Viscountess Churchill is Kathleen, daughter of the late Robert Beaven, premier of British Columbia from 1882 to 1883. She was the widow of Captain Venn Ellis when she married Spencer in 1916.

Chairman of the Great Western Railway, the dead viscount was prominent in numerous fields of activity—business, political and social. He was one of the Conservative whips in the house of lords. He was the godson of Queen Victoria, lord chamberlain at the coronation of King Edward VII, and master of the robes at the coronation of King George.

Threat Of War

Speaker In Winnipeg Sees Many Signs

Winnipeg.—Proposed amalgamation of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific railways is evidence Canada is preparing for war, declared Peter Hunter, Hamilton, Ont., in an address here.

Mr. Hunter, Canada's sole representative at the world youth anti-war congress in Paris last September, spoke to the Winnipeg Youth Anti-war congress. He said amalgamation of the two railways would permit quicker mobilization of troops.

Among other evidence war was near, said Mr. Hunter, was the heavy manufacture of equipment needed for troops and the existence in Montreal of "80,000 Fascist Green Shirts."

ROYAL AIR FORCE PLANE NARROWLY MISSES PALACE



King George, looking out of one of the windows at Buckingham Palace recently was startled to see a Royal Air Force plane gliding down straight for the Royal residence. Fortunately the pilot was able to guide his plane safely across the grounds and make a forced landing in Hyde Park, a few yards from Marble Arch. Here we see the plane surrounded by a crowd of curious spectators. Engine trouble caused the plane to descend in the heart of London.

Arms Revision

Premier Mussolini Confers With Sir John Simon

Rome.—A revision of arms figures calculated to strike a satisfactory balance among the armaments of the powers, rather than a wholesale slash previously favored by Italy, was said authoritatively to have been suggested by Premier Benito Mussolini to Sir John Simon, British foreign secretary.

The two statesmen conferred for more than two hours seeking a way of solving the present Franco-German deadlock on disarmament.

One of the subjects discussed was the reform of the League of Nations. Mussolini, it is understood, explained his ideas.

A significant article on the subject appears in *Lavoro*, Fascist newspaper, which says: "In general, the lines of reform of the League of Nations should be along the principle which today regulates the British commonwealth of nations. Nations forming part of the British commonwealth are in no way deprived of their rights. It is recognition of the value of natural forces which permits the British commonwealth to maintain its unity, and the same thing should happen for the league."

Pursuing Wheat Inquiry

Status Of Shipment Through New York Still Under Adversement

New York.—The British board of customs is pursuing its inquiry as to the status of a test shipment of Canadian wheat through New York to England.

It was announced here recently the test shipment from Fort William via Buffalo and New York had been admitted free, after two previous shipments had been held liable to the six-cent tariff against grain other than that shipped direct from the Dominion to England.

It is now learned that after the British customs accepted the current shipment, the question was again taken under advisement by the board of customs in whose hands it remains at present.

Situation Desperate

New York Mayor Favors Municipal Dictatorship

New York.—The establishment of a municipal dictatorship, unique in the operation of American cities, was the answer proposed by Mayor Fiorello H. La Guardia for solving the financial crisis facing the city of New York.

Confronted with a staggering operating budget of more than \$500,000,000 and a minimum deficit of \$25,000,000, the new mayor seeks a two-year period in which to operate with a free hand.

Under terms of his unparalleled proposal he would delegate to himself sweeping powers in the determination of economies.

MESSAGE OF ROOSEVELT IS WELL RECEIVED

Washington.—In a vigorously worded, personally delivered message, President Roosevelt pointed out enthusiastically United States opposition toward his conception of a permanent recovery on a new basis.

The president thrust deeply toward some of the recently disclosed practices of big business in the banking and speculative fields.

He told the joint session of congress that the United States is "definitely in the process of recovery," and proposed a permanence of the principles of his monetary, agriculture and industrial policies.

For new fields or immediate effort, he asked "stringent preventive or regulatory measures" in business affairs and a governmental and public war against organized crime.

If the warm welcome given Mr. Roosevelt by the legislators when he appeared to read his annual message was any criterion, he will have as little trouble with this session as with the emergency gathering he called last spring. In fact, Democratic leaders were confidently predicting that congress would do what the president wanted it to do and go quickly to work on May 1.

Addressing a joint session of the senate and the house personally, he asked co-operation "to continue the restoration of our national well-being and, equally important, to build on the ruins of the past a new structure designed better to meet the present problems of modern civilization."

"We have ploughed the furrow and planted the good seed," he said. "The hard beginning is over. If we would reap the full harvest we must cultivate the soil where this good seed is sprouting and the plant is reaching up to mature growth."

"We have been shocked by many notorious examples of injuries done our citizens by persons or groups who have been living off their neighbors by the use of methods either unethical or criminal."

"In the first category—a field which does not involve violations of the letter of our laws—practices have been brought to light which have shocked those who believe that we were in the past generation raising the ethical standards of business. They call for stringent preventive or regulatory measures. I am speaking of those individuals who have evaded the spirit and purpose of our tax laws, of those high officials of banks or corporations who have grown rich at the expense of their stockholders or the public, of those reckless speculators with their own or other people's money whose operations have injured the values of the farmers' crops and the savings of the poor."

May Have Fewer Members

Alberta Considering Reduction Of Seats In Legislature

Edmonton.—Reduction of the number of members of the Alberta legislature, possibly to 45 or 50, compared with 53 at present, is expected to be one of the main questions up for discussion at the session expected to commence February 8.

This has been under consideration for some time, a redistribution committee having been named at the last session to deal with the problem and submit a report.

Figures Are Satisfactory

Drop In Alberta Motor Licenses Slight Considering Conditions

Edmonton.—Automobile licenses issued in Alberta during 1933 were only 260 fewer than the year before, numbering 85,250 as compared with 86,010. Of these 71,076 were for passenger cars and 14,174 for trucks.

The year's figures are considered by government officials highly satisfactory, in view of economic conditions that prevailed throughout the year.

Stony Plain Sun.

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain.

Thursday, Jan. 11, 1934.

Advertising Rates:

Display, 40 cents per column inch; plate, 25c per column inch. Readers in Local, 15c line. Legal and Municipal Notices, etc., 15c line first insertion; 10c line each subsequent insertion.

Patronise Your Town.

We notice that each year there are a number of quilts made and tickets sold on them to raise money for children's treats in various districts, says the Grande Prairie Tribune. These attempts to raise funds have always had a ready response from the town merchants and town people, but last year there was considerable dissatisfaction at the way this money was spent. On these special occasions the merchants have offered reduced prices on candies and nuts, and have been quite willing to help to make the kiddies' treat a real success, and then those who raise the funds for these purposes send it to the City stores. This does not seem fair, seeing that the money was raised locally.

Farm For Sale, 460 Acres, in Bright Bank District; 210 acres under cultivation; good buildings, house 22x22, Fred H. Kreye, on NW. 26-51-2w5. 89

Found—Chain from truck tire—Apply Sun Office.

MORTGAGE SALE

—OF—

FARM PROPERTY.

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act," under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Town of Stony Plain, in the Province of Alberta, on

SATURDAY, the 27th DAY OF JANUARY, 1934, at the hour of 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

The most southerly 15 chains in width throughout of the South East Quarter of Section 24, Township 52, Range 1, west of the Fifth Meridian, containing 80 acres, more or less, And Legal Subdivision 16 of the North East Quarter of Section 13, in said Township and Range, containing 40 acres, more or less. Excepting out of the South East Quarter of said Section Twenty-four all Mines and Minerals.

Terms of sale to be 10 per cent. cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of the sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about 14 miles from the Town of Stony Plain, where there is Post Office, Church and Market. The improvements consist of a 2 storey log house, log stable, log hog barn and log implement shed. There are about 80 acres under cultivation and 15 to 20 acres of brush. The water supply is a good well.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to STEER, JACKSON, GAUNT & MATHESON, 411 Empire Block, Edmonton, Alberta.

DATED at Edmonton, this 23rd day of November, A.D. 1933.

STEER, JACKSON, GAUNT & MATHESON, Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved 'A. T. KINNAIRD' Deputy Registrar.

The Illegic of Immigration.

A recent memorandum received, says a writer in The Athabasca Echo, favors immigration, but of agricultural settlers only. Since prices of farm products are already disproportionately low, and there is talk of officially curtailing agricultural production because it is allegedly too large, the justice of the said recommendation is not apparent. How would it be, instead, to limit immigration to transportation officials, bankers, manufacturers, merchants, artisans and professional men willing to render the public maximum services for a minimum return, thus increasing demand for farm products while reducing the farmer's costs? Or do we really need any immigration at all, just now. If so, why?

Sun Letter Box.

[The Sun takes no responsibility for opinions expressed by correspondents.]

Dear Sir, I have just read that the Government intends issuing low-rate licenses for worn-out cars and ancient trucks. In the interest of all concerned, it is hoped that a careful inspection of these aged vehicles should precede the granting of a permit to operate these on a public road. The experiment is apt to result unhappily unless Government officials are satisfied the machines are not potential menaces to other traffic. It is a well-known axiom in automobile circles, that the older the car the greater the chance of something going wrong; and, unfortunately, it is usually in moments of stress that the weaknesses in the old "crocks" become apparent—brakes suddenly prove ineffective, steering apparatus breaks, or some other unfortunate happening occurs at a time when it is important that everything should function at high efficiency.

MOTORIST.

Dear Sir: Kindly allow me the use of space in your valued paper for some lines on a subject uppermost at the present time in the minds of many. I refer to Unemployment. What is its cause, and is there no remedy? I believe there is, if our officials spent more time to the right purpose. The giving of relief has not benefited the situation. It has made it worse. Why should a man work, when he is fed and sheltered by the State? and why should the others pay, each year, for that big relief bill? How long before all of us will be on relief? Do away with labor-saving machinery. Men want to work and earn their own living. I am sure that if we had a chance to work, there wouldn't be one man in a thousand who would refuse.

—VAL M. KOTCHEROFSKI.

Orderly Marketing in England

Walter Elliot, minister of agriculture in the British Ministry, is rapidly changing the face of British agriculture. He is securing parliamentary consent to measures which a few years ago would have seemed beyond the bounds of reason. Control and orderly marketing of home production are steadily supplanting the old free competition. A guaranteed price for home-grown wheat was followed by the agricultural marketing act. Under the act, control schemes are in operation for pigs and bacon, for milk and hops. A control scheme for potatoes is under consideration. Reorganisation commissions are now working out systems for the marketing of eggs and poultry, and also for livestock.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Successor to the late F.W. Landy
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Cor. 95 St. & 118 Av., Edmonton
PHONE 73174.

At Stony Plain on Fridays.

Notice to Creditors and Claimants.

IN THE ESTATE OF HENRY THOMAS WALTON, late of Stony Plain, Alberta, farmer deceased:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Henry Thomas Walton, who died on the 9th day of April, 1933, are required to file with the undersigned, Solicitor for the Executors, by the 27th day of January, 1934, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Executors will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

DATED this 9th day of December, 1933.

JAS. MALLOCH,
Solicitor for the Executors,
Stony Plain, Alberta.

Here and There

Twenty-nine men and seven women who ploughed Alberta trails died in the present year. All of them saw the west when it was young, the west that existed before 1880. The current year marks the half century since the Canadian Pacific came to Calgary.

Sailing for New York December 14, the 42,500-ton white-hulled Empress of Britain left on a Christmas and New Year's holiday cruise for the West Indies, December 22, returning to New York January 3 and sailing again January 4 for a 4½-month cruise around the world.

Among the "Believe It or Not" facts well known to the generality of newspaper readers, may be added the statement of S. G. Hibben, of the Westinghouse Light Company, made recently in an address at the Royal York Hotel, Toronto, that "today there are some 10,000 different kinds of artificial light sources."

Approximately 78,000 people own the Canadian Pacific Railway, the largest ownership of the company's common stock. Of these, 36,000 live in Canada. Of the balance, 21,000 live in other countries, mostly in England, with 16,000 in the United States and 5,000 in other countries, mostly in continental Europe.

For the first time in western Canada, an impressive ceremony, the age-old investiture of the Knights of St. John was held recently at the Hotel Vancouver, Vancouver when six British Columbian boys admitted by King George, sovereign head of the order, to high honors. Old world costumes and strange rites added to the dignity and color of the proceedings.

Railways and their important functions in the economic existence of the State were stressed by G. G. Ommanney, development commissioner of the Canadian Pacific Railway at the annual banquet of the Traffic Club of Hamilton recently. They had, he said, contributed materially to development of natural resources, building up of industries and in promoting land settlement and agriculture.

Railway and motor truck transportation are both essential to the economic wellbeing of Canada and neither should be antagonistic to the other, stated Hon. R. J. Manion, minister of railways and canals, at a national conference on transportation held at Ottawa recently. But, he added, while railways are subject to strict regulation and control, motor truck service has not as yet been brought under any comparable control or regulation.

THE SUN BOOK SHOP.

School Supplies Our Specialty.

Exercise Books (Ink)

Prices range from 16c. for the best, to 3c.

Scribblers (Pencil)

Prices from 2½c. up.

Waterman's Ink

in 2 oz., and pints & quarts. Also Peerless and Reliance.

India Ink

Reeves's ½-oz. 19c.

'Regulation' Note Book

with Rings. Refills for same, and also Gummed Reinforcements.

Reeves's Paints

50c. a box. Refills for same, every color.

Crayons

From 5c. up.

Drawing Pads

No. 1 and No. 2.

Pencils,

a large variety on hand, at low prices.

Chalk.

Sanigene, Excelsio, etc., in boxes of 1-gross.

TRAVEL this WINTER



EASTERN CANADA-PACIFIC COAST- CENTRAL UNITED STATES

Plan now to holiday this winter. Excursion fares to many points in Canada and the Central United States commencing December ensure a pleasant trip at minimum expense. Enquire now for full particulars from your local Canadian National Agent or write

J. MADILL, D.P.A., Edmonton, Alta.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

DON'T BUY IN THE DARK.

SPEND YOUR MONEY
FOR ADVERTISED GOODS.

WHEN YOU REQUIRE, PRINTING
GET IT AT
THE STONY PLAIN SUN PRINTERY.

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We print Posters, Letter Heads,
Dodgers, Circulars, Envelopes,
Menus, Invitations, Show Cards,
Labels, Invoices, Loose-Leaves,
Hangers, Statements, Shipping Tags,
Tickets, Bill Heads, Business Cards,
Badges, Prize Lists, Try Us.

SELLING OUT

The balance of Fruit and Onions at a big reduction. Be Sure and see them at

L. ZILIOX, :: Stony Plain.

M. MECKLENBURG, Optical Specialist

Edmonton Office, 400A. Tegler Bldg.
The Best Fitting Glasses. The Latest Styles in Frames. Glass Eyes.
— MODERATE CHARGES —

Your Contributions in Cash,
Clothing or Food

Will Meet the Greatest Possible Need
IF SENT THROUGH

The Hope Mission, Edmonton.
Leave Contributions at Hardwick's Store.

ALBERTA'S OPPORTUNITY

in the

British Bacon Market

For the first time in history the World's Greatest Bacon Market has granted a definite quota to Canadian Bacon Producers, under Controlled Imports to Assure a Steady Market. Canada's quota is 200,000,000 pounds annually.

The Key to This Market Is Quality

Alberta was second in 1932 among all provinces in total hog marketings, but only eight hogs in every 100 marketed were suitable for the British trade.

Not More Hogs, but Better Hogs

What is needed is not greater numbers, but a greater proportion of the Select Bacon Type required by the British Market.

Policies to Encourage Production of High Quality Bacon Hogs Suitable for Overseas, have been adopted by the Alberta Department of Agriculture in co-operation with the Federal Government, Railways and Packers. These include bonussing and exchange of off-type sows by the farmers for selected gilts from the packing plants.

Write for particulars to

Alberta Department of Agriculture

SEARLE

IMPROVES CROP TESTING INCREASES QUALITY PROFITS

~ SEE OUR AGENT FOR DETAILS ~

SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY LTD.

WINNIPEG, CALGARY, EDMONTON, ST. WILLIAM, VANCOUVER,
COUNTRY ELEVATORS THROUGHOUT THE PRairie PROVINCES,
TERMINALS AT ST. WILLIAM & NEW WESTMINSTER BC.

Reduced Prices !

R. BREITKREUTZ, Blacksmith,
Stony Plain.

The Fall of the year is the season when every Farmer should take a look over his Machinery, with a view to having it put in shape for the Spring Work, before it is stored away for the Winter. I am giving a fair Discount for all Spring Work done during the Winter months on the following articles:
Good Drill Sharpening and Laying,
Disc Sharpening, Plow Sharpening and Pointing,
Harrows Sharpening, Wagons Out Down and Repaired,
And other Repairs of All Kinds.
Oxy-acetylene Welding, and
Taking Orders for New Plow Shares, to be Delivered in Spring, at a Very Low Price.

A number of Plow Shares on Hand for different makes of Plows; Oak Wagon Axles and Poles; Hook Yokes and Singletree Woods; Buggy Shafts Complete and Single, at a low price.

I have a number of Steel Sleigh Shoes all ready made up, at a low price, ready to put on; and a number of Sleigh Runners. Bring in your work to me now, and take advantage of these specially low reduced prices before the time expires in February, and don't wait until the Spring, when the work will be piled up and you will be kept waiting for your job; and at the same time you will have to pay more for having it done.

Come in and tell me what you have to be repaired, and take the Discount, and Save.

R. Breitkreutz, :: Stony Plain.

Applies for Divorce.

Mary Ulmer of Stony Plain filed a statement of claim in the Supreme Court, Edmonton, on Monday, through her solicitor George J. Bryan, asking for a divorce from her husband, Jacob Ulmer, to whom she was married at Stony Plain in October, 1928. The claim alleges that the husband deserted the plaintiff in November 1931, and the usual statutory allegations are made in addition.

Stony Plain and District

Mr Sam Anderson returned from Minnesota on Saturday, and spent the week-end with friends in Stony.

Mr John Eberhardt, Edson, is recovering from an attack of the flu.

Stony Plain's town council, at its last meeting appointed its secretary as the returning officer at the coming municipal election. The Town's books are now in the auditor's hands.

Mr and Mrs Michael visited on Sunday with friends in Edmonton.

Card Party, Kelly's Hall, Jan. 16, 8 p.m.; in aid of St. Philip's Church. Adm. 25c.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Spruce Grove News

The annual meeting of the ratepayers of Spruce Grove school district took place in the school building on the afternoon of Saturday last, Jan. 6. In the election contest for a new trustee, Mr Fred H. Goebel won over his two opponents. The Board now consists of Goebel, Jac Brox, Wm McLeod.

Clarence Brox motored a few skating enthusiasts up to Stony Plain on Monday Eve. last.

Grain hauling to the local elevators is the principal outdoor sport for farmers, at the present time.

Members of Spruce Grove United Church will hold a supper, combined with their regular annual meeting, on Friday next, Jan. 12, in the church building.

Card of Thanks.

Mr and Mrs Nick Pasomko and Family, of Manly District, wish to thank all the good people of Stony Plain for their generous donation of holiday cheer given them at Christmas time.

COAL !

At New Low Prices

Order Now, Before a Raise in Rates !

Black Diamond Double Screened Lump Coal at \$4 per Ton at Car or Shed;
\$4.50 delivered in Town.
Egg Coal, 2 1/2", \$3 at car;
\$3.50 Delivered.

ARMBRUSTER
LUMBER COMPANY
Phone 20. Night 4.
STONY PLAIN.

Obituary.

William Robert, the ten-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Williams passed away on Thursday Eve, the 4th, having suffered from an attack of pneumonia.

The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon, to Ingle cemetery. The Rev. W. E. Stebbins officiated. The bereaved parents feel the loss severely, as he was an only child.

Card of Thanks.

Mr and Mrs. C. C. Williams of Holborn wish to thank their many friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy received during their recent sad bereavement; also for beautiful floral tributes.

Mr. Henry S. Smith Buried.

The funeral took place in Edmonton on Saturday last at Mr. Henry S. Smith of McWasson district. Deceased was an oldtime resident of the district, and had been taken to Edmonton recently for treatment. He was in his 76th year, and is survived by three daughters, Mrs. O. R. Edwards of Carvel, Mrs. S. Sharp of Brightbank, Mrs. H. Sterling of Brightbank; one son, Harold of Winnipeg. Interment was made in Beechmont cemetery.

State Medicine.

The long-looked-for report of the Legislative Committee on State Medicine will be submitted to the Legislature when the latter opens Thurs. Feb. 8th. The committee was appointed two years, and has been at work since. The committee is representative of all parties in the Assembly, and has as chairman Hon. George Hoadley, Minister of Health. The committee has gathered information from every province, state and nation where similar probes have been held and from all points where systems have been installed. The establishment of such a system in Alberta, estimated to cost about ten million dollars a year, has been obviously deferred until more prosperous times, but the members feel that they must have complete information on this most important subject, so as to be ready when time to take action arrives.

Hockey Notes.

The Weatherman has finally warmed up, but almost too warm. Oh well, we can at least play hockey. Stony fans will probably have their first chance to see seniors in action next Sunday, when an Edmonton team will supply the opposition. A game was tried to be arranged for last Sunday, but it was too late. The boys have been practicing hard and should be able to give a good account of themselves by the opening game. At present, arrangements call for a game away from home during the week, and games at home every Sunday following, and if possible another home game during the week. Sounds good !

Stony's Juveniles played all their games, despite the cold weather. Canadians having secured first place in the first half of the schedule, are now certain of being in the play offs.

The Sun's Calendar.

JANUARY—
12—Whist Drive and Dance, at Moose Hall.
13—Glory Hills Rotapayers meet.
13—Warden School meeting.
13—G. M. Hockley Broadcast, to be heard at Royal Cafe.
14—Hockey game, at local rink.
14—Card Party, Kelly's Hall.
20—Holborn School meeting.
25—Town Council meets.
27—Mortgage sale of land, at the Postoffice.

A Stony 'Shiner Soaked

Officer Cameron, of the Inland Revenue Dept., has been making a clean up hereabouts of those gentlemen allegedly handling illicit liquor. One of his recent catches, a young man residing in Stony Plain, was fined \$200 and costs with the choice of three months at hard labor by Magistrate McLeod in the Edmonton police court last Tuesday. When the Court inquired if he had anything to say, the young man replied: "It wouldn't have been so bad if I had been able to make a little money out of it."

On the Side.

A Hull (Quebec) daily, in reporting a rummage sale in that town, said: "Everybody brought something they had no use for—some ladies bringing their husbands."

—And now the question is getting to be: "What Is the Dollar Soda Quoted at Today?"

—An indication that prosperity has returned in the U. S. is shown by the fact that Senator Long intends introducing a measure in Congress "Prohibiting anyone from receiving an annual income of more than one million dollars."

—As everyone knows, the nation to the south has gone wet. Some parts must have gone very wet, judging by the following: A hospital in Pennsylvania has posted the following notice in its dispensary: "From now on a charge of \$5 will be made for application of the stomach pump on insobriates."

The Time Extended for Tax Payments.

Those taxpayers in rural municipalities who had taken advantage of the provisions of the Tax Consolidation Act but are still in arrears, will be interested in knowing that a further extension of time has been given them until Wed. Jan. 31st. In order to take advantage of this Act, current year's taxes must be paid, together with a percentage of the arrears. Municipalities and L.L.P.'s can take advantage of the Act.

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